VALUE (IMPACT of HEALTH CENTERS

Health Center Partners of Southern California



Four Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) and other safety-net clinics provide care to residents of California's 36th District. They collectively provide tremendous value and impacts to their communities—from ACCESS to care for vulnerable populations; SAVINGS to the health care system; JOBS and ECONOMIC STIMULUS to local communities; STATE-OF-THE-ART, COMPREHENSIVE, COORDINATED CARE, with a focus on CHRONIC DISEASE MANAGEMENT and QUALITY HEALTH OUTCOMES. Highlights of their 2017 contributions are shown below.

California's 36th District Health Centers Provide...

JOBS and other positive impacts on the ECONOMY



584 HEALTH CENTER JOBS including

121 ENTRY-LEVEL and **278 SKILLED JOBS** for community residents

421 OTHER JOBS IN THE COMMUNITY

\$147,374,154
TOTAL ECONOMIC IMPACT
of current operations.

\$93,165,506

DIRECT HEALTH CENTER SPENDING

\$54,208,648

COMMUNITY SPENDING

\$23 Million

ANNUAL TAX REVENUES

\$ 7 Million

STATE AND LOCAL TAX REVENUES

\$16 Million

FEDERAL TAX REVENUES

SAVINGS to the health system







ACCESS

to care for vulnerable populations



107,942
PATIENTS
SERVED

3% FOUR-YEAR PATIENT GROWTH 463,691
PATIENT

34,233
patients are
CHILDREN AND
ADOLESCENTS

73,709 patients are ADULTS

96% of patients are LOW-INCOME

(Below 200% of the Federal Poverty Level)

72% of patients identify as an ETHNIC OR RACIAL MINORITY

Since 2012:

70,569
patients gained
INSURANCE
COVERAGE

COMPREHENSIVE COORDINATED CARE



64,068 patients received MEDICAL CARE



50,911 patients received **DENTAL CARE**



18,586 patients received at least one **ENABLING SERVICE** to overcome barriers to care



2,616 patients received MENTAL HEALTH CARE



162 patients received **VISION CARE**

In addition, patients received non-clinical services to connect them to community resources such as HOUSING, JOB TRAINING, AND CHILD CARE

PREVENTIVE CARE and CHRONIC DISEASE MANAGEMENT



1,893 patients were diagnosed with **ASTHMA**



1,022 patients were diagnosed with **CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE**



9,133 children received WELL-CHILD VISITS



4,290 patients were diagnosed with **DIABETES**



6,251 patients were diagnosed with HYPERTENSION



14,521 patients received IMMUNIZATIONS and SEASONAL FLU VACCINES

STATE-OF-THE-ART PRACTICE

100% of health centers have installed and currently use an **ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORD (EHR)**

100% of health centers are currently participating in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

EHR INCENTIVE PROGRAM "MEANINGFUL USE"



PATIENT-CENTERED MEDICAL HOMES

QUALITY HEALTH OUTCOMES

100% of health centers met or exceeded at least one HEALTHY PEOPLE 2020 GOAL FOR CLINICAL PERFORMANCE





IMPROVED HEALTH
OUTCOMES

Capital Link prepared this Value + Impact report using 2017 health center audited financial statements and Uniform Data System information. Economic impact was measured using 2017 IMPLAN Online



For more information, visit us online: www.caplink.org

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REFERENCES AND DATA SOURCES

- 1. Access to Care for Vulnerable Populations: Bureau of Primary Health Care, HRSA, DHHS, 2017 Uniform Data System.
- Savings to Medi-Cal: Nocon et al. Health Care Use and Spending for Medicaid Enrollees in Federally Qualified Health Centers Versus Other Primary Care Settings. American Journal of Public Health: November 2016, Vol. 106, No. 11, pp. 1981-1989.
- 3. Savings to the Health System: NACHC Fact Sheet: *Health Centers and Medicaid*, December, 2016.
- 4. Economic and Employment Impacts: Calculated by Capital Link using 2017 IMPLAN Online.
- 5. Comprehensive Coordinated Care: Bureau of Primary Health Care, HRSA, DHHS, 2017 Uniform Data System.
- 6. Preventive Care and Chronic Disease Management: Bureau of Primary Health Care, HRSA, DHHS, 2017 Uniform Data System.
- Quality Health Outcomes: Calculated by Capital Link based on 2017 Uniform Data System information and relevant Healthy People 2020 targets found at https://www.healthypeople.gov/2020/data-search.

Summary of 2017 Total Economic Activity

Stimulated by Current Operations of Four

		Economic Impact	Employment (# of FTEs*)
Community Impact	Direct	\$ 93,165,506	584
	Indirect	\$ 16,945,184	146
	Induced	\$ 37,263,464	276
	Total	\$ 147,374,154	1,005

Direct # of FTEs (employment) based on HRSA 2017 UDS state level data for FQHCs.

Summary of 2017 Tax Revenue

		Federal	State
Community Impact	Direct	\$11,586,979	\$3,516,818
	Indirect	\$1,271,372	\$901,749
	Induced	\$2,663,842	\$2,811,674
	Total	\$15,522,193	\$7,230,241
Total Tax Impact		\$22,752,434	

*Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) of 1.0 means that the person is equivalent to a full-time worker. In an organization that has a 40-hour work week, a person who works 20 hours per week (i.e. 50 percent time) is reported as "0.5 FTE." FTE is also based on the number of months the employee works. An employee who works full time for four months out of the year would be reported as "0.33 FTE" (4 months/12 months).

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HOW ECONOMIC IMPACT IS MEASURED

Using IMPLAN, integrated economic modeling software, this analysis applies the "multiplier effect" to capture the direct, indirect, and induced economic effects of health center business operations and capital project plans. IMPLAN generates multipliers by geographic region and by industry combined with a county/state database. It is widely used by economists, state and city planners, universities and others to estimate the impact of projects and expenditures on the local economy. This analysis was conducted using 2017 IMPLAN Online.

WHAT ARE DIRECT AND COMMUNITY IMPACTS?

Medical Supply

Store

Direct impacts result from *health center* expenditures associated with operations, new facilities, and hiring.

A health center purchases medical devices

from a local medical supply store.

Health Center

This purchase is a *direct*

center's operations.

economic impact of the health

Community impacts can be indirect, resulting from *purchases of local goods and services*, and jobs in other industries.

The medical supply store purchases paper from

an office supply store to print receipts and hires a local delivery service to transport the medical devices.

Office Supply Store

Delivery Service

These purchases are *indirect* economic impacts of the health center's operations.

Community impacts can be induced, resulting from *purchases of local goods and services at a household level made by employees of the health center and suppliers.*

As local industries grow and household income increases, employees of the health center, medical supply store, office supply store, and delivery service spend their salaries in the community. # These purchases are *induced* economic impacts because they are the result of a ripple effect through the entire community.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS INCLUDED IN THIS ANALYSIS

Borrego Health Clinicas de Salud del Pueblo, Inc. Neighborhood Healthcare Planned Parenthood of the Pacific Southwest This report was developed by Capital Link, a non-profit organization that has worked with hundreds of health centers and Primary Care Associations for over 18 years to plan capital projects, finance growth, and identify ways to improve performance. We provide innovative consulting services and extensive technical assistance with the goal of supporting and expanding community-based health care. For more information, visit us online at www.caplink.org.